HAZUS-MH: Earthquake Event Report

Region Name:

Ash Creek Segment M69

Ash Creek Segment M6.9

Earthquake Scenario:

Print Date:

December 10, 2009

Totals only reflect data for those census tracts/blocks included in the user's study region.

Disclaimer:

The estimates of social and economic impacts contained in this report were produced using HAZUS loss estimation methodology software which is based on current scientific and engineering knowledge. There are uncertainties inherent in any loss estimation technique. Therefore, there may be significant differences between the modeled results contained in this report and the actual social and economic losses following a specific earthquake. These results can be improved by using enhanced inventory, geotechnical, and observed ground motion data.

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General Description of the Region

HAZUS is a regional earthquake loss estimation model that was developed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency and the National Institute of Building Sciences. The primary purpose of HAZUS is to provide a methodology and software application to develop earthquake losses at a regional scale. These loss estimates would be used primarily by local, state and regional officials to plan and stimulate efforts to reduce risks from earthquakes and to prepare for emergency response and recovery.

The earthquake loss estimates provided in this report was based on a region that includes 8 county(ies) from the following state(s):

Utah

Note:

Appendix A contains a complete listing of the counties contained in the region.

The geographical size of the region is 22,771.95 square miles and contains 39 census tracts. There are over 63 thousand households in the region and has a total population of 192,276 people (2000 Census Bureau data). The distribution of population by State and County is provided in Appendix B.

There are an estimated 62 thousand buildings in the region with a total building replacement value (excluding contents) of 10,229 (millions of dollars). Approximately 97.00 % of the buildings (and 68.00% of the building value) are associated with residential housing.

The replacement value of the transportation and utility lifeline systems is estimated to be 13,287 and 1,079 (millions of dollars), respectively.

Building Inventory

HAZUS estimates that there are 62 thousand buildings in the region which have an aggregate total replacement value of 10,229 (millions of dollars). Appendix B provides a general distribution of the building value by State and County.

In terms of building construction types found in the region, wood frame construction makes up 70% of the building inventory. The remaining percentage is distributed between the other general building types.

Critical Facility Inventory

HAZUS breaks critical facilities into two (2) groups: essential facilities and high potential loss (HPL) facilities. Essential facilities include hospitals, medical clinics, schools, fire stations, police stations and emergency operations facilities. High potential loss facilities include dams, levees, military installations, nuclear power plants and hazardous material sites.

For essential facilities, there are 8 hospitals in the region with a total bed capacity of 537 beds. There are 112 schools, 82 fire stations, 19 police stations and 2 emergency operation facilities. With respect to HPL facilities, there are 124 dams identified within the region. Of these, 44 of the dams are classified as 'high hazard'. The inventory also includes 8 hazardous material sites, 0 military installations and 0 nuclear power plants.

Transportation and Utility Lifeline Inventory

Within HAZUS, the lifeline inventory is divided between transportation and utility lifeline systems. There are seven (7) transportation systems that include highways, railways, light rail, bus, ports, ferry and airports. There are six (6) utility systems that include potable water, wastewater, natural gas, crude & refined oil, electric power and communications. The lifeline inventory data are provided in Tables 1 and 2.

The total value of the lifeline inventory is over 14,366.00 (millions of dollars). This inventory includes over 2,523 kilometers of highways, 520 bridges, 58,288 kilometers of pipes.

System	Component	# locations/ # Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Highway	Bridges	520	401.40
	Segments	255	12,083.90
	Tunnels	2	0.20
		Subtotal	12,485.60
Railways	Bridges	0	0.00
	Facilities	0	0.00
	Segments	103	238.30
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	238.30
Light Rail	Bridges	0	0.00
	Facilities	0	0.00
	Segments	0	0.00
	Tunnels	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Bus	Facilities	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Ferry	Facilities	1	1.30
•		Subtotal	1.30
Port	Facilities	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.00
Airport	Facilities	10	106.50
	Runways	12	455.60
		Subtotal	562.10
		Total	13,287.20

Table 1: Transportation System Lifeline Inventory

System	Component	# Locations / Segments	Replacement value (millions of dollars)
Potable Water	Distribution Lines	NA	726.00
	Facilities	0	0.00
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	726.00
Waste Water	Distribution Lines	NA	435.60
	Facilities	5	326.30
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	761.90
Natural Gas	Distribution Lines	NA	290.40
	Facilities	0	0.00
	Pipelines	6	212.10
		Subtotal	502.50
Oil Systems	Facilities	2	0.20
	Pipelines	0	0.00
		Subtotal	0.20
Electrical Power	Facilities	5	539.00
		Subtotal	539.00
Communication	Facilities	18	1.80
		Subtotal	1.80
		Total	2,531.40

Table 2: Utility System Lifeline Inventory

Earthquake Scenario

HAZUS uses the following set of information to define the earthquake parameters used for the earthquake loss estimate provided in this report.

Scenario Name	Ash Creek Segment M6.9
Type of Earthquake	User-defined
Fault Name	NA
Historical Epicenter ID #	NA
Probabilistic Return Period	NA
Longitude of Epicenter	NA
Latitude of Epicenter	NA
Earthquake Magnitude	6.90
Depth (Km)	NA
Rupture Length (Km)	NA
Rupture Orientation (degrees)	NA
Attenuation Function	NA

Building Damage

HAZUS estimates that about 1,235 buildings will be at least moderately damaged. This is over 2.00 % of the total number of buildings in the region. There are an estimated 10 buildings that will be damaged beyond repair. The definition of the 'damage states' is provided in Volume 1: Chapter 5 of the HAZUS technical manual. Table 3 below summaries the expected damage by general occupancy for the buildings in the region. Table 4 summaries the expected damage by general building type.

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Agriculture	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
Commercial	922	1.61	98	2.64	57	5.45	14	8.01	1	8.80
Education	85	0.15	6	0.16	3	0.32	1	0.35	0	0.22
Government	252	0.44	12	0.32	8	0.75	3	1.48	0	1.80
Industrial	193	0.34	20	0.54	16	1.57	6	3.21	0	4.44
Other Residential	7,423	12.95	1,143	30.69	478	45.72	73	40.91	5	53.30
Religion	257	0.45	25	0.67	14	1.34	4	2.21	0	2.35
Single Family	48,191	84.07	2,421	64.98	469	44.84	79	43.85	3	29.09
Total	57,323		3,725		1,046		180		10	

Table 3: Expected Building Damage by Occupancy

Table 4: Expected Building Damage by Building Type (All Design Levels)

	None		Slight		Moderate		Extensive		Complete	
	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)	Count	(%)
Wood	41,411	72.24	2010	53.96	144	13.81	1	0.73	0	0.06
Steel	477	0.83	47	1.27	40	3.82	12	6.84	1	9.73
Concrete	418	0.73	50	1.35	28	2.69	6	3.35	0	2.53
Precast	218	0.38	24	0.64	19	1.82	6	3.54	0	4.35
RM	7,863	13.72	401	10.77	301	28.80	73	40.58	2	16.56
URM	992	1.73	186	4.99	75	7.15	15	8.24	2	17.38
МН	5,944	10.37	1007	27.03	438	41.92	66	36.73	5	49.39
Total	57,323		3,725		1,046		180		10	

*Note:

RM	Reinforced Masonry
URM	Unreinforced Masonry
MH	Manufactured Housing

Essential Facility Damage

Before the earthquake, the region had 537 hospital beds available for use. On the day of the earthquake, the model estimates that only 461 hospital beds (86.00%) are available for use by patients already in the hospital and those injured by the earthquake. After one week, 97.00% of the beds will be back in service. By 30 days, 100.00% will be operational.

		# Facilities					
Classification	Total	At Least Moderate Damage > 50%	Complete Damage > 50%	With Functionality > 50% on day 1			
Hospitals	8	0	0	7			
Schools	112	0	0	112			
EOCs	2	0	0	2			
PoliceStations	19	0	0	19			
FireStations	82	0	0	78			

Transportation and Utility Lifeline Damage

Table 6 provides damage estimates for the transportation system.

				Number of Locatio	ns_		
System	Component	Locations/	With at Least	With Complete	With Functionality > 50 %		
		Segments	Mod. Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7	
Highway	Segments	255	0	0	255	255	
	Bridges	520	0	0	520	520	
	Tunnels	2	0	0	2	2	
Railways	Segments	103	0	0	103	103	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Light Rail	Segments	0	0	0	0	0	
	Bridges	0	0	0	0	0	
	Tunnels	0	0	0	0	0	
	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Bus	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Ferry	Facilities	1	0	0	1	1	
Port	Facilities	0	0	0	0	0	
Airport	Facilities	10	0	0	10	10	
	Runways	12	0	0	12	12	

Table 6: Expected Damage to the Transportation Systems

Note: Roadway segments, railroad tracks and light rail tracks are assumed to be damaged by ground failure only. If ground failure maps are not provided, damage estimates to these components will not be computed.

Tables 7-9 provide information on the damage to the utility lifeline systems. Table 7 provides damage to the utility system facilities. Table 8 provides estimates on the number of leaks and breaks by the pipelines of the utility systems. For electric power and potable water, HAZUS performs a simplified system performance analysis. Table 9 provides a summary of the system performance information.

Table 7 : Expected Utility System Facility Damage

	# of Locations									
System	Total #	With at Least	With Complete	with Functionality > 50 %						
		Moderate Damage	Damage	After Day 1	After Day 7					
Potable Water	0	0	0	0	0					
Waste Water	5	0	0	5	5					
Natural Gas	0	0	0	0	C					
Oil Systems	2	0	0	2	2					
Electrical Power	5	0	0	5	5					
Communication	18	0	0	18	18					

Table 8 : Expected Utility System Pipeline Damage (Site Specific)

System	Total Pipelines Length (kms)	Number of Leaks	Number of Breaks
Potable Water	36,298	795	199
Waste Water	21,779	629	157
Natural Gas	211	0	0
Oil	0	0	0

Table 9: Expected Potable Water and Electric Power System Performance

	Total # of		Number of Ho	ouseholds witho	out Service		
	Households	At Day 1	At Day 3	At Day 7	At Day 30	At Day 90	
Potable Water	63,223	70	3	0	0	0	
Electric Power		0	0	0	0	0	

Fire Following Earthquake

Fires often occur after an earthquake. Because of the number of fires and the lack of water to fight the fires, they can often burn out of control. HAZUS uses a Monte Carlo simulation model to estimate the number of ignitions and the amount of burnt area. For this scenario, the model estimates that there will be 4 ignitions that will burn about 0.22 sq. mi 0.00 % of the region's total area.) The model also estimates that the fires will displace about 243 people and burn about 11 (millions of dollars) of building value.

Debris Generation

HAZUS estimates the amount of debris that will be generated by the earthquake. The model breaks the debris into two general categories: a) Brick/Wood and b) Reinforced Concrete/Steel. This distinction is made because of the different types of material handling equipment required to handle the debris.

The model estimates that a total of 0.060 million tons of debris will be generated. Of the total amount, Brick/Wood comprises 30.00% of the total, with the remainder being Reinforced Concrete/Steel. If the debris tonnage is converted to an estimated number of truckloads, it will require 2,360,000 truckloads (@25 tons/truck) to remove the debris generated by the earthquake.

Shelter Requirement

HAZUS estimates the number of households that are expected to be displaced from their homes due to the earthquake and the number of displaced people that will require accommodations in temporary public shelters. The model estimates 62 households to be displaced due to the earthquake. Of these, 51 people (out of a total population of 192,276) will seek temporary shelter in public shelters.

Casualties

HAZUS estimates the number of people that will be injured and killed by the earthquake. The casualties are broken down into four (4) severity levels that describe the extent of the injuries. The levels are described as follows;

- · Severity Level 1: Injuries will require medical attention but hospitalization is not needed.
- · Severity Level 2: Injuries will require hospitalization but are not considered life-threatening
- Severity Level 3: Injuries will require hospitalization and can become life threatening if not promptly treated.
- Severity Level 4: Victims are killed by the earthquake.

The casualty estimates are provided for three (3) times of day: 2:00 AM, 2:00 PM and 5:00 PM. These times represent the periods of the day that different sectors of the community are at their peak occupancy loads. The 2:00 AM estimate considers that the residential occupancy load is maximum, the 2:00 PM estimate considers that the educational, commercial and industrial sector loads are maximum and 5:00 PM represents peak commute time.

Table 10 provides a summary of the casualties estimated for this earthquake

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4
2 AM	Commercial	0	0	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	0	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	1	0	0	0
	Other-Residential	12	1	0	0
	Single Family	12	1	0	0
	Total	26	3	0	0
2 PM	Commercial	14	2	0	0
	Commuting	0	0	0	0
	Educational	8	1	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	5	1	0	0
	Other-Residential	2	0	0	0
	Single Family	2	0	0	0
	Total	31	4	0	1
5 PM	Commercial	13	2	0	0
	Commuting	2	2	4	1
	Educational	2	0	0	0
	Hotels	0	0	0	0
	Industrial	3	1	0	0
	Other-Residential	4	0	0	0
	Single Family	5	0	0	0
	Total	30	6	4	1

Table 10: Casualty Estimates

Economic Loss

The total economic loss estimated for the earthquake is 156.24 (millions of dollars), which includes building and lifeline related losses based on the region's available inventory. The following three sections provide more detailed information about these losses.

Building-Related Losses

The building losses are broken into two categories: direct building losses and business interruption losses. The direct building losses are the estimated costs to repair or replace the damage caused to the building and its contents. The business interruption losses are the losses associated with inability to operate a business because of the damage sustained during the earthquake. Business interruption losses also include the temporary living expenses for those people displaced from their homes because of the earthquake.

The total building-related losses were 132.63 (millions of dollars); 29 % of the estimated losses were related to the business interruption of the region. By far, the largest loss was sustained by the residential occupancies which made up over 40 % of the total loss. Table 11 below provides a summary of the losses associated with the building damage.

_			(Millio	ns of dollars)			
Category	Area	Single Family	Other Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total
Income Los	es						
	Wage	0.00	0.82	6.23	0.47	1.57	9.08
	Capital-Related	0.00	0.35	5.99	0.28	0.40	7.02
	Rental	0.74	1.82	3.62	0.16	0.52	6.85
	Relocation	2.62	1.51	5.08	0.81	5.47	15.48
	Subtotal	3.35	4.50	20.92	1.71	7.95	38.43
Capital Stor	ck Loses						
	Structural	3.95	2.31	5.44	1.84	2.89	16.43
	Non_Structural	18.26	9.51	12.32	3.97	8.86	52.91
	Content	8.25	2.46	6.22	2.38	4.69	24.00
	Inventory	0.00	0.00	0.23	0.62	0.00	0.86
	Subtotal	30.45	14.29	24.22	8.81	16.44	94.20
	Total	33.80	18.79	45.14	10.53	24.38	132.63

Table 11: Building-Related Economic Loss Estimates

Transportation and Utility Lifeline Losses

For the transportation and utility lifeline systems, HAZUS computes the direct repair cost for each component only. There are no losses computed by HAZUS for business interruption due to lifeline outages. Tables 12 & 13 provide a detailed breakdown in the expected lifeline losses.

HAZUS estimates the long-term economic impacts to the region for 15 years after the earthquake. The model quantifies this information in terms of income and employment changes within the region. Table 14 presents the results of the region for the given earthquake.

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Highway	Segments	12,083.95	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	401.43	\$3.02	0.75
	Tunnels	0.20	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	12485.60	3.00	
Railways	Segments	238.26	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	238.30	0.00	
Light Rail	Segments	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Bridges	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Tunnels	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Bus	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Ferry	Facilities	1.33	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	1.30	0.00	
Port	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	0.00	0.00	
Airport	Facilities	106.51	\$2.79	2.62
	Runways	455.57	\$0.00	0.00
	Subtotal	562.10	2.80	
	Total	13287.20	5.80	

Table 12: Transportation System Economic Losses (Millions of dollars)

Table 13: Utility System Economic Losses

(Millions of dollars)

System	Component	Inventory Value	Economic Loss	Loss Ratio (%)
Potable Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Distribution Lines	726.00	\$3.58	0.49
	Subtotal	725.97	\$3.58	
Waste Water	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	326.30	\$7.10	2.18
	Distribution Lines	435.60	\$2.83	0.65
	Subtotal	761.92	\$9.93	
Natural Gas	Pipelines	212.10	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Distribution Lines	290.40	\$3.02	1.04
	Subtotal	502.51	\$3.03	
Oil Systems	Pipelines	0.00	\$0.00	0.00
	Facilities	0.20	\$0.00	0.87
	Subtotal	0.20	\$0.00	
Electrical Power	Facilities	539.00	\$1.20	0.22
	Subtotal	539.00	\$1.20	
Communication	Facilities	1.80	\$0.06	3.21
	Subtotal	1.76	\$0.06	
	Total	2,531.35	\$17.79	

	LOSS	Total	%
First Year			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(1)	-0.08
Second Year			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(3)	-0.25
Third Year			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(3)	-0.32
Fourth Year			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(3)	-0.33
Fifth Year			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(3)	-0.33
Years 6 to 15			
	Employment Impact	0	0.00
	Income Impact	(3)	-0.33

Table 14. Indirect Economic Impact with outside aid (Employment as # of people and Income in millions of \$)

Appendix A: County Listing for the Region

Beaver,UT

Garfield,UT

Iron,UT

Kane,UT

Piute,UT

Sevier,UT

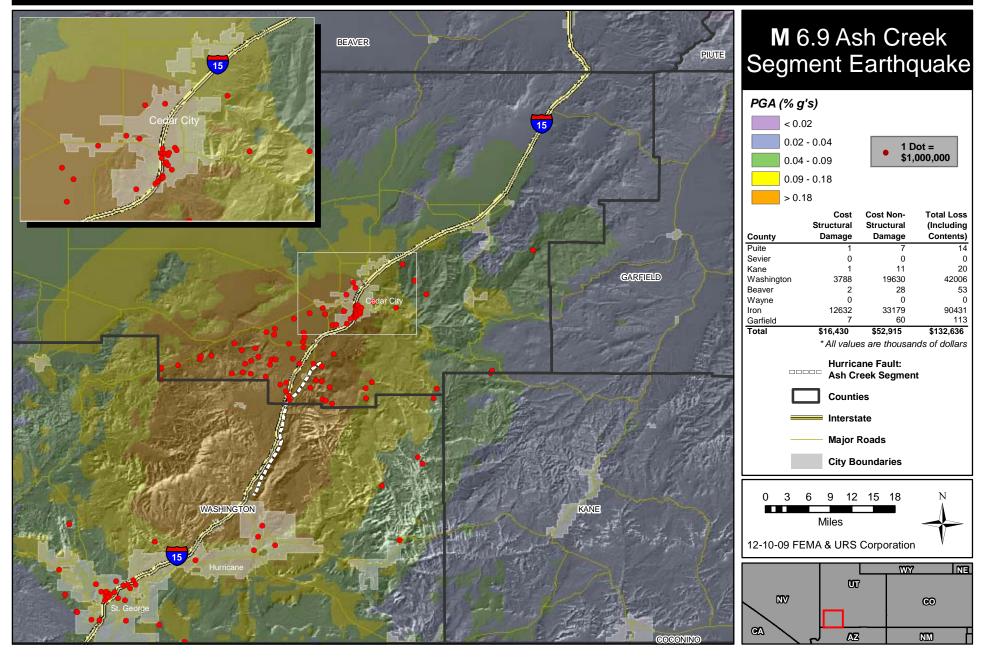
Washington,UT

Wayne,UT

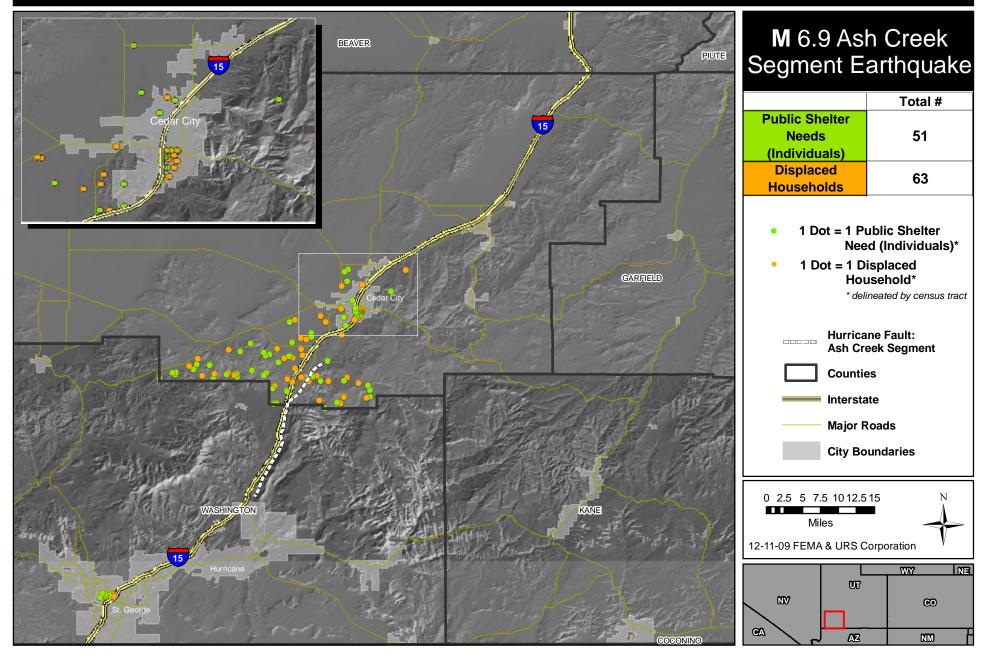
Appendix B: Regional Population and Building Value Data

0		_	Building Value (millions of dollars)		
State	County Name	Population	Residential	Non-Residential	Total
Utah					
	Beaver	6,295	252	89	341
	Garfield	4,957	276	94	370
	Iron	37,498	1,323	741	2,065
	Kane	6,385	323	127	450
	Piute	1,439	69	24	93
	Sevier	19,623	697	315	1,013
	Washington	113,489	3,900	1,839	5,739
	Wayne	2,590	115	38	154
Total State		192,276	6,955	3,267	10,225
Total Region		192,276	6,955	3,267	10,225

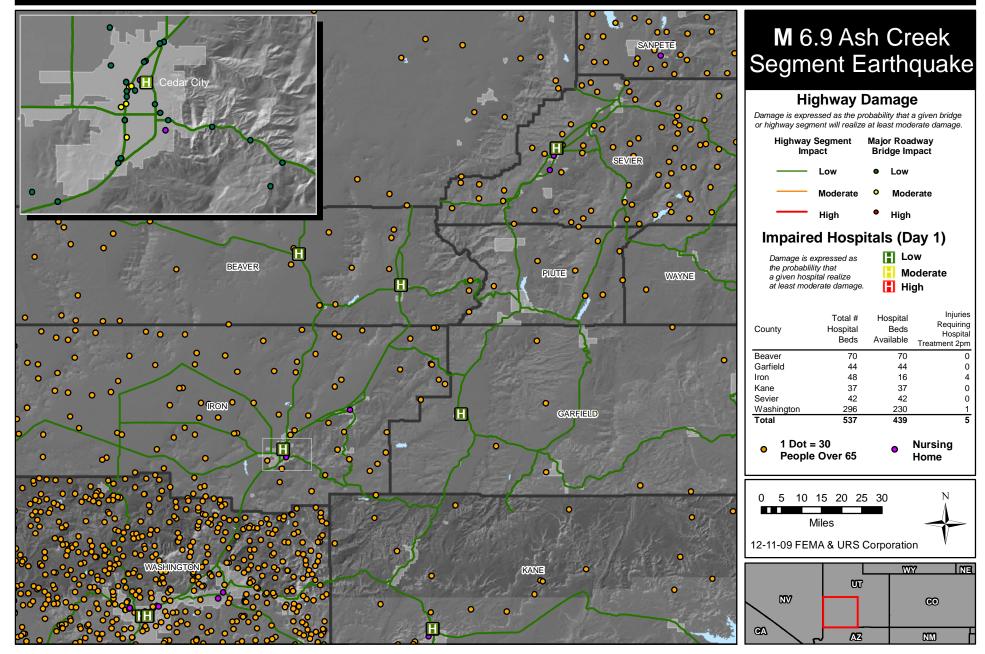
Direct Building Economic Loss -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



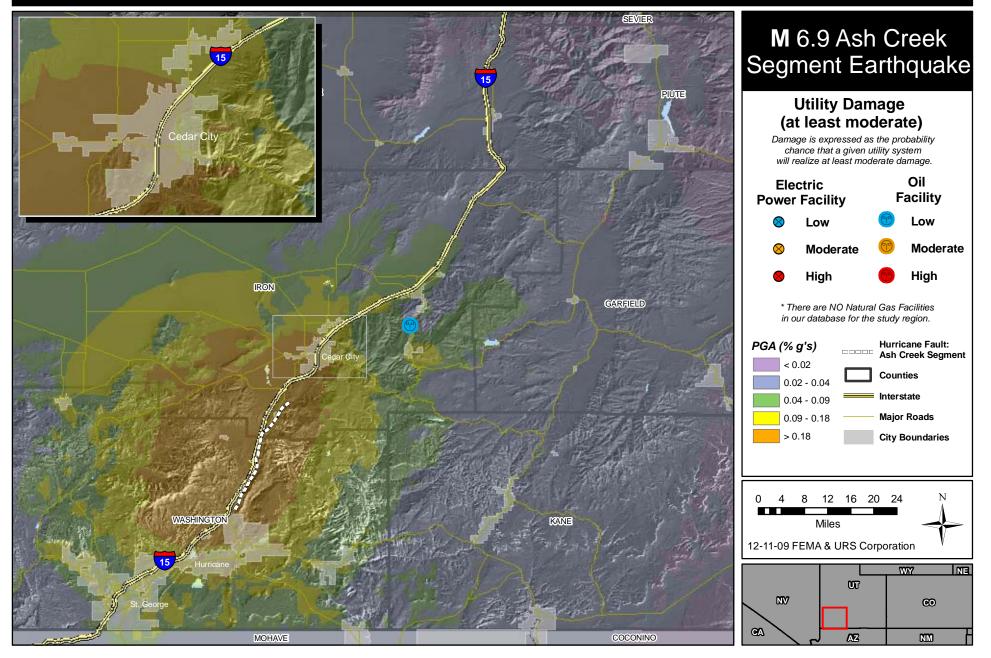
Estimated Displaced Households & Short Term Public Shelter Needs -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



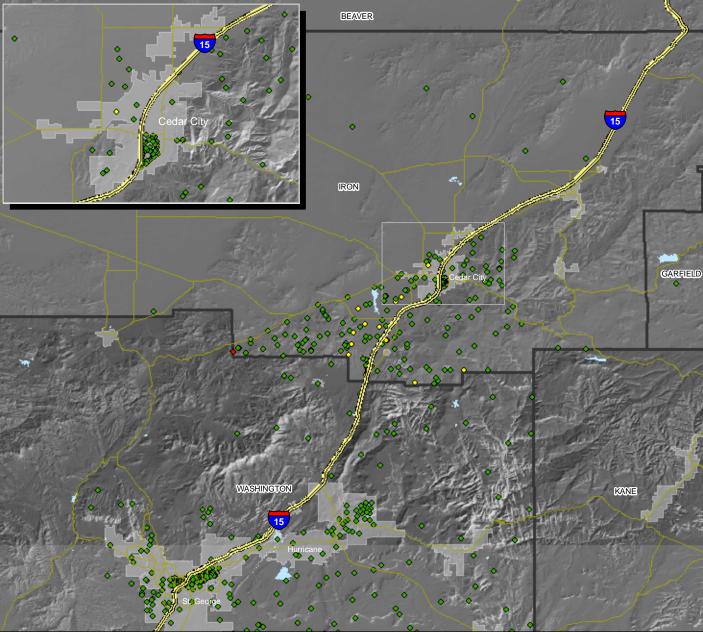
Distribution of Elderly, Impaired Hospitals (Day 1), & Hospital Bed Availability - Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



Electrical, Natural Gas, and Oil Facility Damage -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



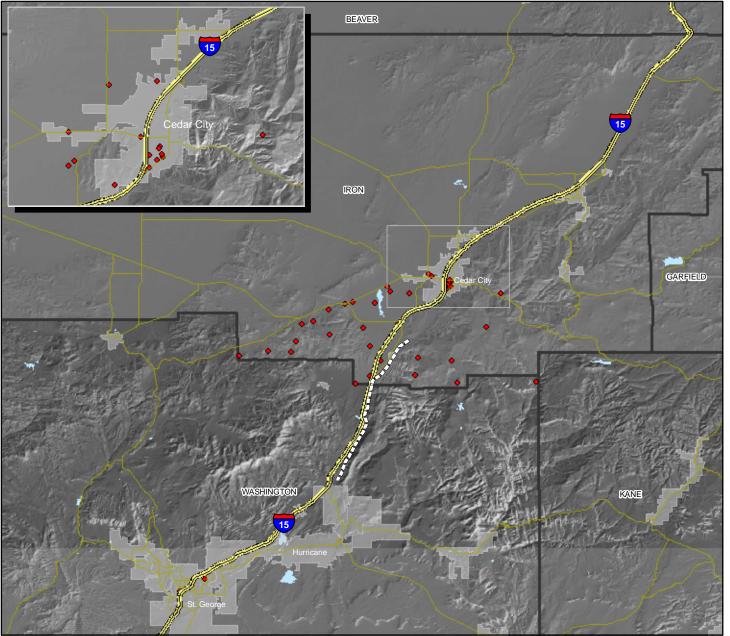
Estimated Building Inspection Needs -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



M 6.9 Ash Creek Segment Earthquake

and the		Estimated # of Structures	Estimated # of Inspectors Needed					
No.	Red (Complete)	10	1					
	Yellow (Extensive)	180	3					
See.	Light Green (Slight/ Moderate)	4,772	31					
	Total	4,962	35					
	*Estimated number of inspectors needed to complete inspections in 30 days.							
10	•	Red Tag (Complete I	Damage)					
- No	0	Yellow Tag (Extensive	Damage)					
E.	•	Green Tag (Slight/Mod	erate Damage)					
2	*1 Dot	= 10 (by censu	s tract)					
IL. PLEASE	0 3 6	6 9 12 15 Miles	18 N					
1	12-11-09 FE	MA & URS Corp	oration					
	87		CO CO					
	CA		NIM -					

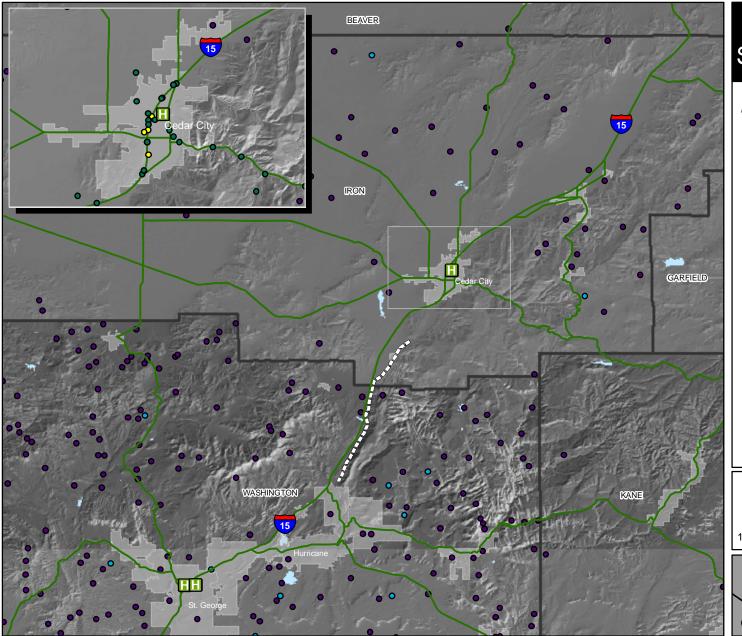
Estimated Concrete, Steel Debris & Highway Damage -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



M 6.9 Ash Creek Segment Earthquake

Brick and (tons) Concrete and Steel (tons) *Estimated Truck Loads Beaver 0 0 0 Garfield 0 0 0 Iron 12,000 36,000 1,960 Kane 0 0 0 Piute 0 0 0 Sevier 0 0 0 Sevier 0 0 0 Washington 5,000 5,000 400 Wayne 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads City Boundaries City Boundaries	•		thousand and Stee us tract)				
Garfield 0 0 0 Iron 12,000 36,000 1,960 Kane 0 0 0 Piute 0 0 0 Sevier 0 0 0 Washington 5,000 5,000 400 Wayne 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads		Wood (tons)	and Steel (tons)	Truck Loads			
Iron 12,000 36,000 1,960 Kane 0 0 0 Piute 0 0 0 Sevier 0 0 0 Washington 5,000 5,000 400 Wayne 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads			-				
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Sevier 0 0 0 0 Washington 5,000 5,000 400 Wayne 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads							
Washington 5,000 5,000 400 Wayne 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads		-	-				
Wayne 0 0 0 0 Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads		-	-				
Total 18,000 41,000 2,360 * Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads Major Roads	•	,	· .				
* Truck loads estimated at 25 tons per truck Hurricane Fault: Ash Creek Segment Counties Interstate Major Roads		-	-				
	——— Major Roads						
			•				
12-11-09 FEMA & URS Corporation	NV N	00					
				60			

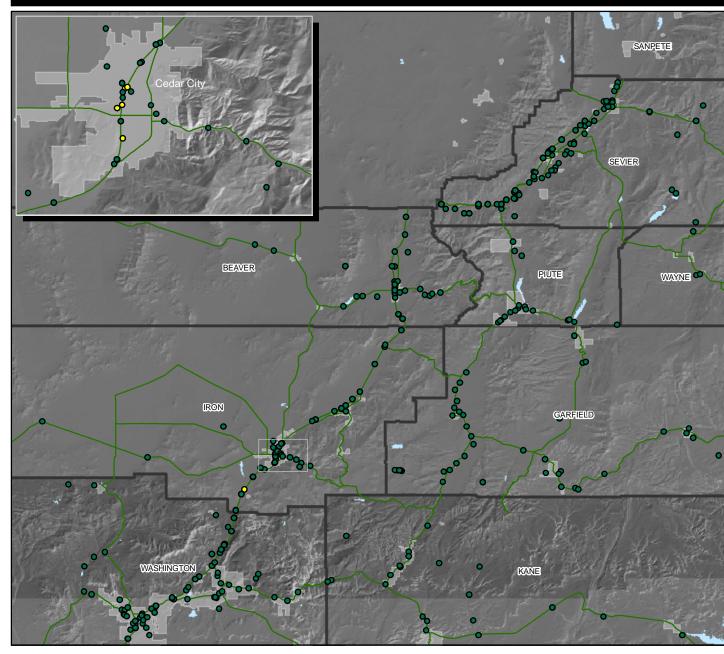
Demographic Distribution & Highway Damage -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



M 6.9 Ash Creek Segment Earthquake



Estimated Highway Infrastructure Damage -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT

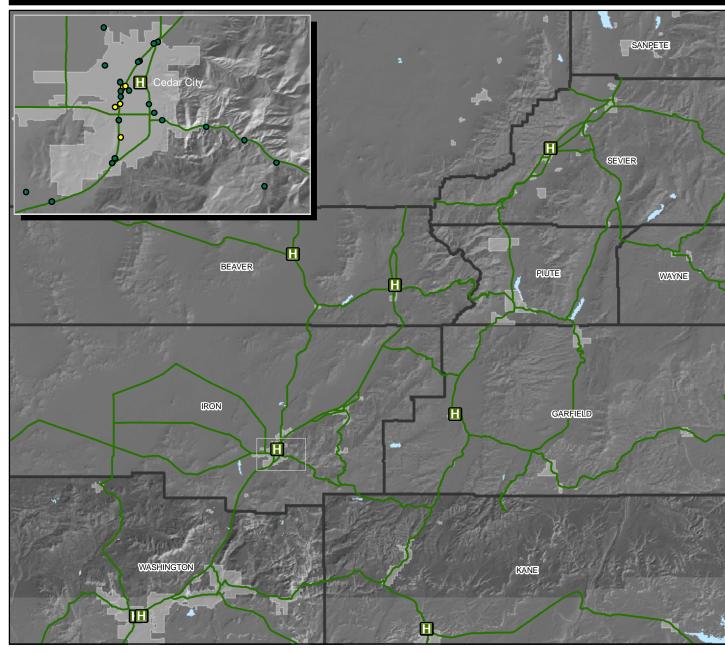


M 6.9 Ash Creek Segment Earthquake

Highway Damage

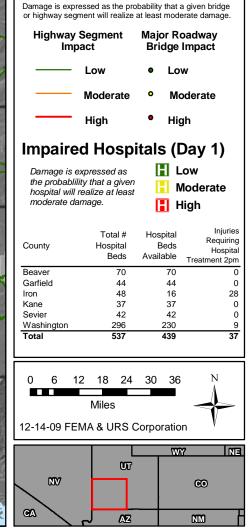
Damage is expressed as the probability that a given bridge or highway segment will realize at least moderate damage. **Highway Segment** Major Roadway Bridge Impact Impact Low Low Moderate Moderate High High # Bridges *# of Bridge Total # of Needing County Engineers Bridges Priority Needed Inspection Beaver 54 0 Garfield 57 Iron 89 Kane 22 Piute 17 Sevier 157 Washington 109 6 Wayne 15 0 Total 520 14 2 *Based on assuming that 2 engineers can inspect 5 bridges a day for 3 days. 12 18 24 30 0 6 36 Miles 12-10-09 FEMA & URS Corporation WY NE UT NV 60 ΘA Æ NM

Impaired Hospitals (Day 1), Hospital Bed Availability & Highway Functionality - Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT

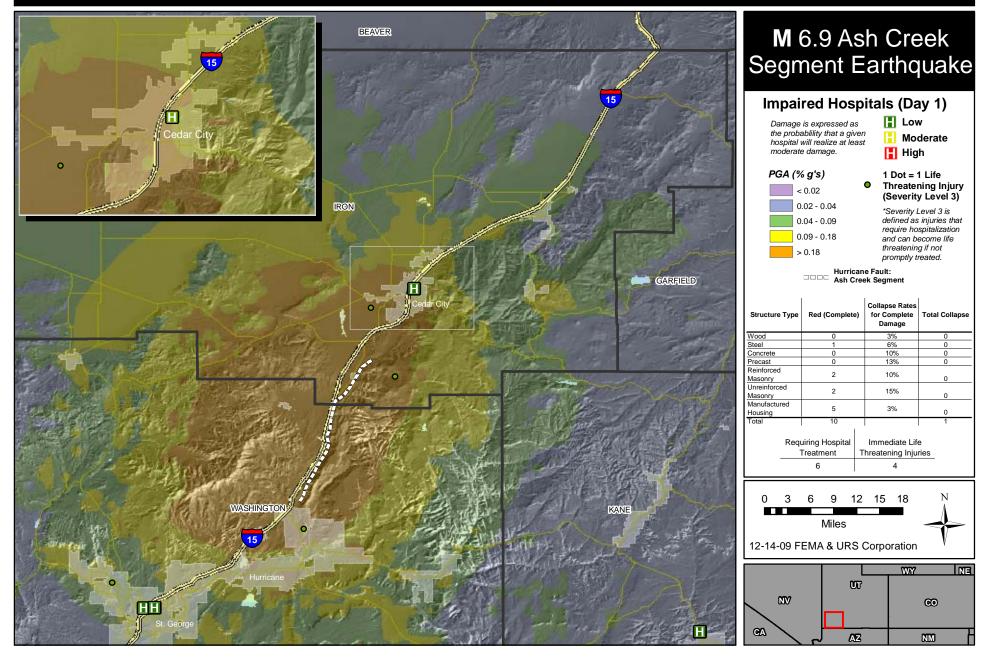


M 6.9 Ash Creek Segment Earthquake

Highway Damage



Potential Search and Rescue Needs -Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT



Correctional and Daycare Facilities, Impaired Hospitals (Day 1), and Highway Functionality - Earthquake Scenario: Ash Creek Segment, UT

